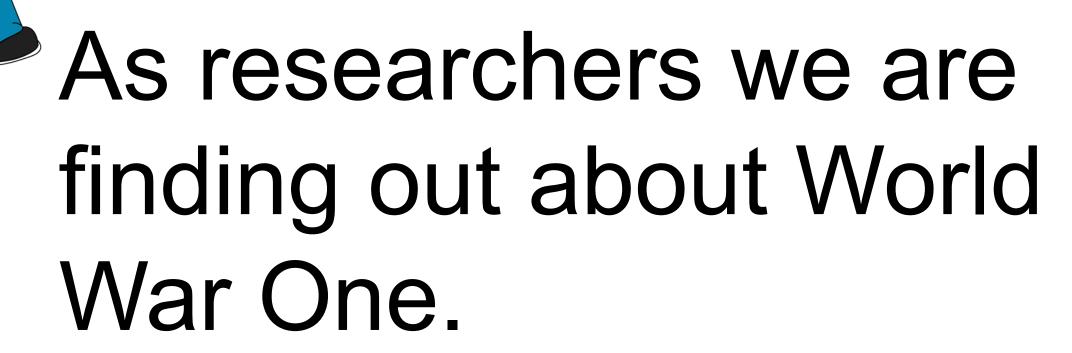




English - Home Learning Letters from the Trenches



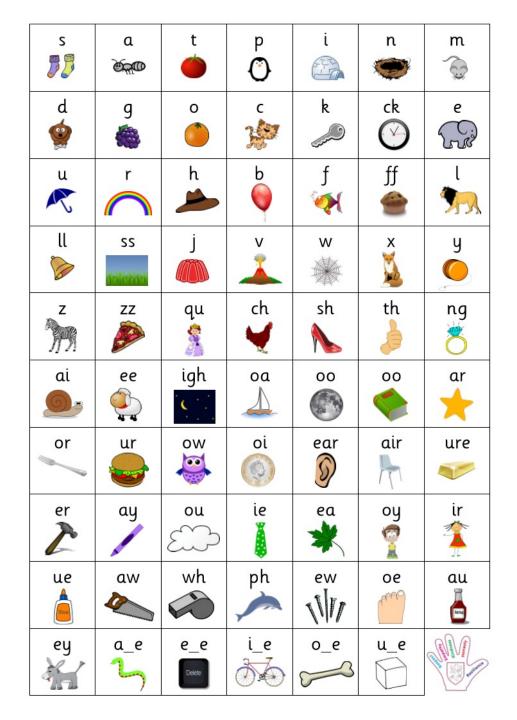
This week we are going to practise:

- Writing in character
- Using adjectives to describe

You can download all the resources that you need from our website.

www.walter.wokingham.sch.uk





Common Exception Words

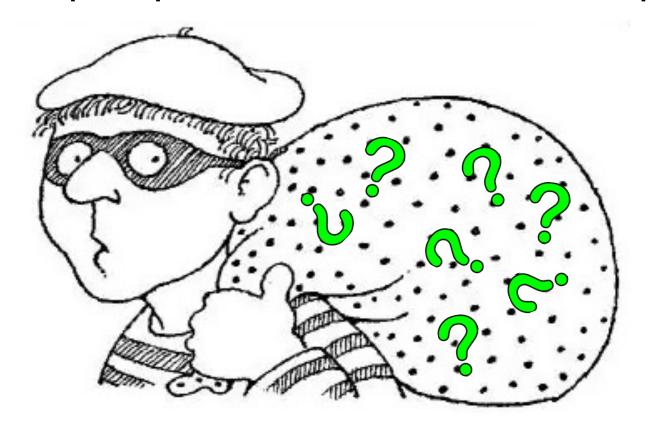
I	no	t	he	to)	go	into
he	are	S	he	her		we	was
me	all	ł	эе	the	ey.	you	my
said	littl	e	ha	ve	(one	like
were	so		the	ere		do	what
some	whe	n	coı	me	(out	oh
Mrs	Mr	•	pec	ple	t	heir	called

Conjunctions

looked asked could

but	if	when	
because	or	and	

Watch out! There is a full stop thief out and about. To scare him off, say your sentences out loud. After writing a sentence check through your work to make sure he hasn't visited. Sometimes, he can also be very mischievous, and he likes to swap a question mark for a full stop!



Monday – Researching the conditions in the trenches

We are going to find out what the trenches were like.



- During World War One they used trenches.
- These were dug out from the ground to form long corridors.
- They were very muddy, wet, smelly and unpleasant.





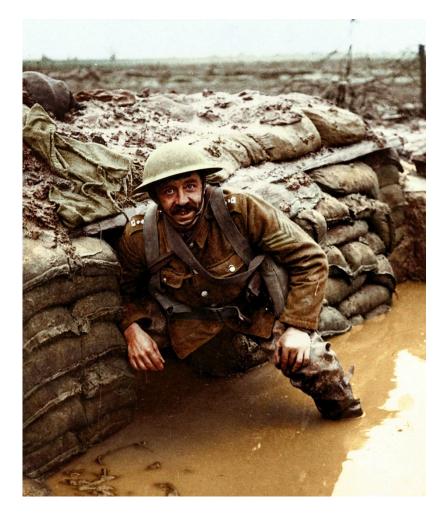
- The soldiers slept in small spaces in the trenches.
- The trenches had lots of rats.





- People got 'trench foot' because their feet would become constantly wet and sore.
- As the war continued they built small rooms and areas into the trenches.





No Man's Land

- The land between the British and German trenches was called No Man's Land.
- It was not a safe place to go because of the shooting and firing across the trenches.
- You could not climb out of your trench or stick your head up or out.





Many soldiers remarked on the oddly joyful sound of larks still singing despite the horror and destruction.

BARBED WIRE:

Buried deep under the ground. Almost impossible to get through.

NO MAN'S LAND:

The bombardment destroyed every living thing between the lines, leaving only mud and shell holes filled with water. Bodies were left unburied because it was too dangerous to go out and move them.

The spikes on German soldiers' helmets stuck up above the trenches. The Allies used them for target practice until the Germans changed the design.



Both sides used poison gas so soldiers needed gas masks.



TRENCH COAT:

Designed for British and French officers, this style has been in fashion ever since.

SHELL SHOCK:

The constant shelling left huge numbers of soldiers with trauma - unable to think straight, let alone fight. This was not understood at the time and over three hundred British soldiers were shot for cowardice.

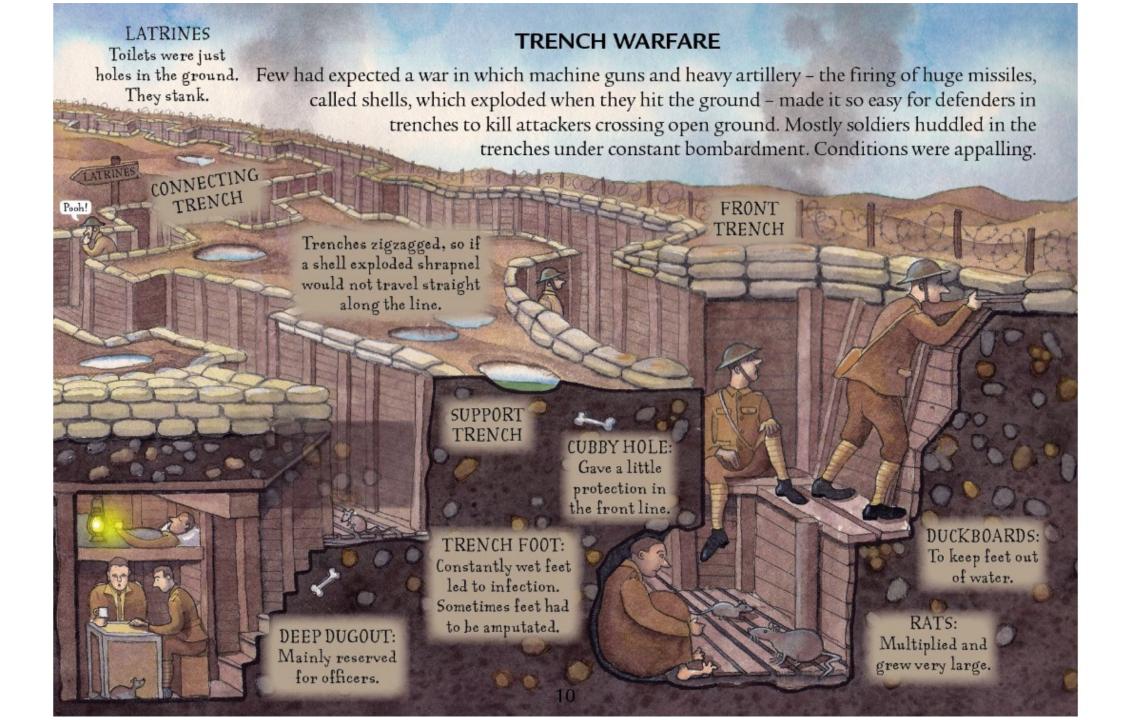
MINES:

Tunnels were dug deep under enemy trenches and filled with explosive.









Video

Visit the following website and watch the video. It is about halfway down the web page:

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zqhyb9q/articles/z8sssbk

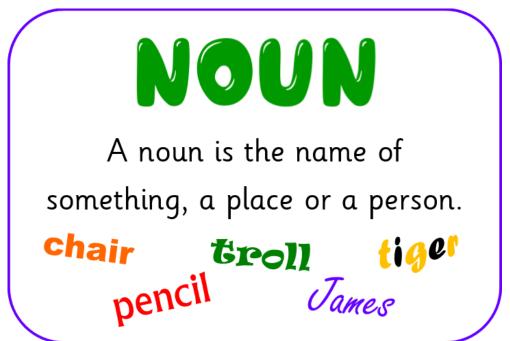


Adjectives

We can use adjectives to help add descriptions to our writing.

Adjectives are used to describe nouns.





Use the plan on the next page or fold a piece of paper up into six sections. Draw some pictures or add some adjectives, phrases or key words to help with describing the trenches.

Name:		an adjective
What might it have smelled like?	What might they eat?	What does it feel like?
What might they hear?	What might they see?	Any other useful adjectives, sentences or phrases.

Tuesday – Planning to write letters

You are going to write letters as if you were soldiers in the trenches.

This is very tricky; you will need to make a good plan for this.

I have included an example letter and a link to a video to help get you thinking.



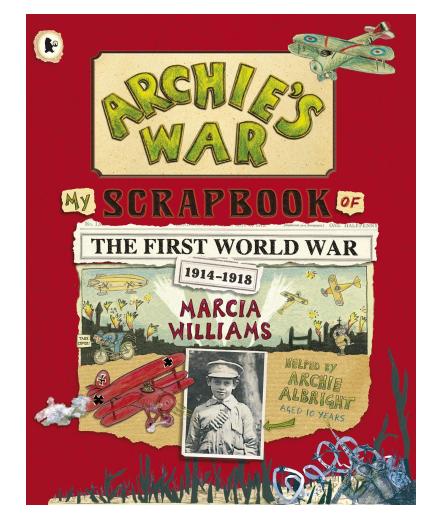
Dear Family, .

Things are much the same here, except there is a little more rain and a little more action. The bad news is the lice still love us, but the good news is that the rats are leaving us alone. I think it is because we have so little food. I would like to think they had moved to the German trenches, but I think they have even less food. I am suffering from a bit of trench foot and would love another pair of socks, if possible. The water and mud slosh about in the bottom of the trench and it is hard to keep dry. I'll be sure to bring you some Flanders mud for your scrapbook, Archie!

Miss you all. Keep safe and keep writing.

Dad.

This is an extract from a book called Archie's War. It has lots of letters and is made to look like a scrapbook.





https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IPBSaRppmJs

Tuesday – Planning to write letters

We have to write our letters in character; that means we have to pretend to be someone who was in the trenches during WW1.

Firstly, during WW1 only men could join the army and fight. So, you are going to have to pretend to be a man with a traditional English name. Here are some examples: John, William, Thomas, James, Arthur, Walter, Albert, Charles, Edward, Alfred or Frank.



Tuesday – Planning to write letters

Only adults, people 18 years and older, could join the army. You might decide that you're married with children. You would really miss your children, wife or parents if you were fighting in the trenches.

Pet dogs were also very popular, just like now, so you might have a pet dog at home that you miss.

You have to imagine what it would have been like and felt like in the trenches.

The plan on the next page should help. Include lots of adjectives and words about your feelings.



Name:	3: I can include vocabulary or
What is your name?	
Who are you writing to?	
How are you feeling?	
What is the worst thing?	
Who do you miss the most?	
What are the trenches like?	
Write any other adjectives, phrases or sentences that might help	might help.

Wednesday – Starting our letter

Before we write our letters, I want you to watch a video.

It is based on a very important historical event, called the Christmas Truce.

Everyone thought that World War One would be over by Christmas in 1914; however, sadly it was not, and it lasted for 4 years.

During Christmas in 1914 everyone stopped fighting for one day. They sang Christmas carols, played football and exchanged presents. This is an important historical event.



Wednesday – The Christmas Truce

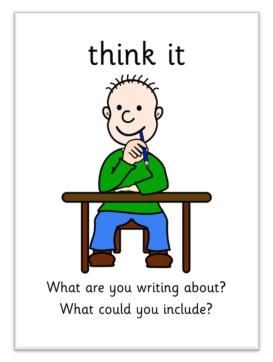
Watch this video with a grown up at home and talk about it with them. How does it make you feel? How does it make the grown ups feel?

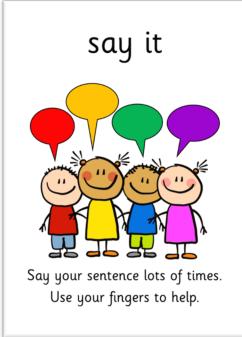


https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NWF2JBb1bvM

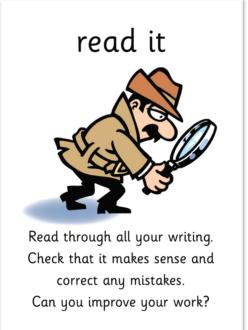
Wednesday – starting our letters

Remember, when we write a sentence we need to do the following:









Watch out for that full stop thief! Read through your work to check he hasn't stollen any full stops or swapped question marks!



Wednesday – starting our letters

We always start letters with the word dear.

In the opening of your letter, you might want to say who you are missing at home and say how you are feeling. Do not rush your letter. Take your time and focus on writing a really good opening. Leave describing the trenches and saying how yucky the food is until tomorrow. Concentrate on a really good opening. Remember to use your phonics for any spellings or ask a grown up for help. Here is my example of a letter opening:

Dear Mary,

I have finally found some time to write to you. I hope that you and the children are well. I am missing you all so much.

Thursday – continuing your letters

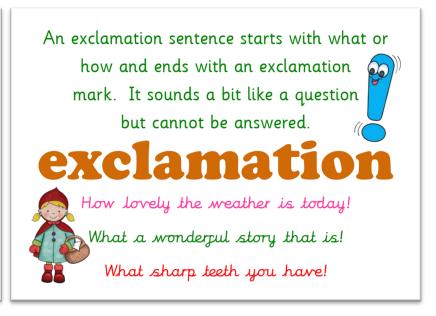
Today, you are going to finish writing your letters. Look back over any of the pictures or videos to help you with this. You could describe the trenches and how horrible they are. You might have even met Sgt. Stubby or taken part in the Christmas Truce. When writing your letters, you wouldn't want to worry your family too much. I would not talk about people dying or getting hurt, because this might make them sad and wouldn't be very nice to write about. Write very carefully and think about each sentence one at a time.

Thursday – extra challenge Different sentence types.

If you want an extra challenge, you could include different sentence types in your writing.







Friday – Publishing your letter.

Today, we are going to publish our letters or write them up in best. This gives us a chance to correct any mistakes, check full stops, capital letter, spellings and that everything makes sense!

Read everything first! Are there ways to improve you work?

read it

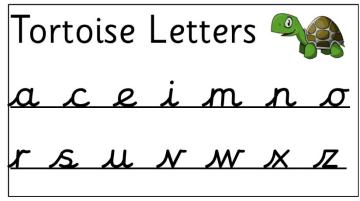


Read through all your writing.
Check that it makes sense and
correct any mistakes.

Can you improve your work?

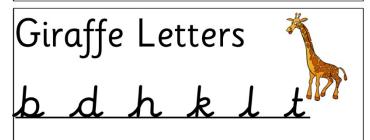
Handwriting

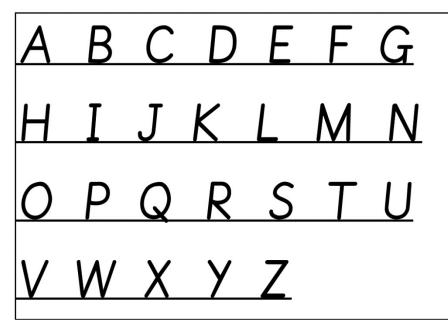
- When you publish your story make sure that it is in your best, most amazing handwriting.
- Some of you might be ready to join, others might not be joining yet and that is fine!
- Remember that all your words and letters should stick to the line.
- If you are joining your letters, you will see the correct letter formations on the next page to remind you.



Monkey Letters

f g j p q y





a b c d e f ghijkl rstuvw

Don't forget to bring your letter to school when you return!

